

Seek, for your children, first, excellence in morals and manners; secondly, in books; thirdly, in their personal health but never neglect their health—for they cannot excel in goodness or learning without health.

Burning of the "Log Cabin" of "Old Tippecanoe."

The 'old North Bond Mansion House,' the 'log cabin' of 'old Tip,' made famous in song and story during the presidential election of 1810, was burned to the ground on Saturday night. It was occupied by the family of Col. Wm. H. H. Taylor, son-in-law of President Harrison, who barely escaped with their lives, saving only their night clothes. The Cincinnati Gazette says:

"Nothing was saved in the way of furniture or documents, and the probability is, that many valuable papers, left by President Harrison, together with articles cherished as relics of the old hero, and of the early history of the West, have been destroyed with the building. The only portrait of Mrs. Harrison in existence, (painted by Beards) with two, or three of the general, taken at different periods of his life, are also probably destroyed. Mrs. Harrison, the widow of President Harrison, fortunately was not in the dwelling; the venerable lady at present being at the residence of Hon. J. Scott Harrison, a son of Gen. H. a few miles beyond the old homestead.

"North Bend is not only famous as the unpretending residence of President Harrison, but occupies no mean position in western history. It was the first landing place of John Clevins Symmes, the original patentee of all the land between the two Missis, and was at one time regarded as the rival of Cincinnati, or 'Fort Washington.' At North Bend, Judge Symmes projected the great 'Miami City,' and went so far as to map out streets, lawns, public squares, and all the arrangements for a city of the first magnitude; but a fortunate incident turned the tide in favor of the present site of our flourishing metropolis, and 'North Bend' has ever since remained a beautiful retreat from the dust, impurities and busy throng of the city."

Railroad Bridge on Fire.

Narrow Gauge.—On Friday last some second-rate fire to a bridge on the Stenbonville and Indiana Railroad, near Urichville, by boring holes in the large timbers and filling them with turpentine, and then igniting the fluid. The fire was under headway and the sides of the bridge in a blaze when the freight train came along at its usual speed. The engineer and fireman put the breaks down and jumped off, expecting to see the train and bridge all go down together, in common ruin, to the bottom of the creek. But the bridge, luckily, although enveloped in smoke and flames, proved competent to the burden, and the train passed over in safety to the other side of Stillwater, where the breaks being stopped, it soon stopped. The fire was speedily put out and the bridge saved, though in a slightly damaged condition.

Revenge of a Girl upon a Gay Deceiver.

An Irish dandy, named James Martin, has been, for a few months past, paying attention to Mary Sheridan, a chambermaid at the City Hotel, in Hartford, Conn. Recently the girl has discovered that his attentions were not honorable, and says he has repeatedly insulted her, for which she determined upon vengeance. On Wednesday forenoon, as Martin was passing the hotel, Mary beckoned him from the chamber window to come up, and, lo, thinking she had relented, went in, and Mary came to him, laid her arm upon his shoulder, and taking hold of his cravat asked why he wore his handkerchief about his neck so close in warm weather. "It's not too close," said James. "It is," said Mary, and loosened it. "Now," says Mary, "what did you give me to coax me?" "Nothing," says James. "Take that!" says Mary, and at the same time drew a razor across the throat of Mr. Martin. James tore himself away from the affectionate Mary, and went to Dr. Ellsworth's to get his wounds dressed. Mary was arrested in the afternoon. She admitted giving the wound, and says she meant to "nick him a bit" by the way of reparation of the wrongs. The cut was between three and four inches long, and upon the right side of Mr. Martin's throat. It was almost deep enough to cause death, from which his escape was very narrow.

Extensive Loss by Fire.—The burning of the baggage and mail car on the New York Central Railroad, on Saturday last, involved a loss estimated at from \$25,000 to \$50,000. Many of the trunks had large sums of money in them. A lump of melted gold was found near the car, worth nearly a hundred dollars. An old lady and gentleman were on their way to California, and everything that belonged to them was in their trunks, which were destroyed. As soon as the old lady heard that her baggage was destroyed she wept like a child. Another young man was also on his way to California, with a quantity of valuable articles, including watches, money, jewelry, &c., which were also destroyed. A lady living in Maine had three large trunks filled with valuable clothing. The fire is supposed to have originated from a spark from the locomotive.

The New Gold Region.—Fraser's River, where they are said to have recently found more gold than there ever was known in California, empties into Puget's Sound just below latitude 49. It consequently belongs to the Hudson's Bay Company, which has the exclusive right to trade there.

It must, of course, be remembered that the Democracy accepted latitude 49 as our boundary, after leading the atmosphere with outcries that they would accept nothing short of 54 40. If they had got what they swore they would have, the gold would have been in the United States instead of being, as it now is, in the British Dominions. However, our people can, of course, go there to dig gold. They have a modified right of search even upon foreign territory.

Wheat Growing in Water.—The New Harmony (Indiana) Advocate states that Mr. John Wiley, of that place, has twenty acres of bottom land in wheat, which was beginning to flower when the river commenced covering the land upon which it was growing. For five weeks the water has remained upon it to the depth of from six to twelve inches, during which time the wheat has matured, and, in the opinion of good farmers, who have examined it, the grain is equal to any raised on the hills, and owing to the recent rise in the river it will be impossible to harvest in the bottom this summer.

Further from Utah Territory.

The Mormons.—We have received files of the Desert News to the 16th June.—The News was still published at Fillmore City. It gives the President's proclamation to the Mormons, and the various army orders, but without comment. The usual belligerent tone has given place to a pacific one; the Saints are exhorted to obedience, and great stress is laid upon the merit of their sacrifices. The Mormons seem to have settled down quietly at Fillmore, where they were planting trees and preparing for a permanent residence. A curious narrative is given in the News, purporting to be a description of a sign in the heavens. On the 26th of May, at 1 A. M., a meteor in the shape of a sword, with the point towards the east, hung over Salt Lake City. The Saints were impressed by the phenomenon.—N. Y. Times.

The Disposition of the Utah Forces.

St. Louis, July 27.—By way of Leavenworth, Mo., we have further news from the Salt Lake and the intermediate points. General Harney, having been overtaken by the express messenger, has issued an order making a fresh disposition of forces. Colonel Monroe would remain in the Platte district, with the 4th artillery and two companies of dragoons. Colonel May is ordered to Fort Kearney, with three companies of artillery and one of dragoons; and Major Sedgewick to Fort Riley, with two companies of the 1st cavalry, while six companies under Colonel Sumner's command will concentrate at Fort Kearney for service on the plains, and two companies of the same regiment, now in Utah, will go to Fort Riley.

Lieutenant Colonel Johnson is relieved from duty as inspector general of the Utah forces, and directed to take command at Fort Riley. Surgeon Wright returns to St. Louis. Major Brown, of the pay department, is stationed at Fort Kearney. Assistant Surgeon Smith is assigned duty with the 1st cavalry. Assistant Surgeon Swift, with two companies of the 4th artillery, will be stationed in the vicinity of Cottonwood Springs. Captain Simpson, of the topographical engineers, proceeds to Utah.

A detachment of recruits, about three hundred strong, under Major Backus, left Fort Leavenworth on the 21st inst. for New Mexico.

Brigham Young professes to be anxious to be tried on the charge of treason, but insists that the jury shall consist of Mormons only.

Droll Marriage Ceremony.

An Inebriated Bridegroom.—A day or two ago a youthful pair arrived in the city from "down the river," and, repairing to Justice McCall's office, demanded that he should marry them. The magistrate informed them that he would be at their services in a few minutes, but they were so urgent that he deferred the business in hand, and leaping into the hack with the bride, rode to his residence on Court street. The girl had three trunks brought in from the hack and taken up stairs, where she followed with a handkerchief or two, and in the course of an hour descended in full toilette, more rural than modish, however, with red ribbons flying all about her still rodder face.

Her lover, in the meantime, was so overjoyed with the prospect of approaching bliss that he had sent out for two bottles of brandy and three of wine and sat down with the Justice to await the period when his inamorata would appear. The lower drunk copiously, which added to his excess of happiness, soon turned his head completely, and when the damsel came down, he had grown quite drunk, and was causing a jig with his coat off in the middle of the floor.

Beholding the bedizened fair one, he ran to her, and clasped her in his arms with a strength that would have caused the death of a city dame. She returned her pressure, when he capered about the room more lively than ever, and imbibed half a pint of brandy at a single draught. Indeed he grew so "happy" that he could not be kept long enough in one place to be married, and when the magistrate succeeded in quieting him down, he was so weak in the knees that it was necessary to support him, while the service was performed.

To the question, "Will you take this woman to be your wedded wife?" he replied, "why, why—hic—er—er—certainly; if I—hic—wouldn't—wh-wh—what—hic—the devil—would I be—hic—here for, Squire—hic?"

The inebriety of the husband seemed to amuse the wife much, who clapped her hands in glee and exclaimed, in the rustic style: "Oh! laws, ain't he drunk, and gosh but he is funny. I hope he'll get so often; we'll have good times then." After the ceremony the husband took another large potation, and in attempting to kiss his wife, embraced the magistrate the first time, and fell upon the floor; whereupon the muscular McCall, fearing the consequences of his drunkenness, picked up Bonaduet in his arms and carried him to the back, amid the laughter of the girl consort, who took her seat beside her lord, still indulging her risibilities to the fullest extent.—Cincinnati Enquirer, 10th.

Gold Production for 1857.—The production of gold in Australia for the past year is set down by the best English authorities at one hundred millions of dollars. The production in other countries is estimated as follows: California, \$65,000,000; Russia and Siberia, \$20,000,000; other parts of the world, \$15,000,000. Total, \$100,000,000. We thus have two hundred millions as the gold crop of 1857, and the actual amount is likely to be rather more than the estimated aggregate. At this rate, two thousand millions of gold will be thrown into the monetary circulation of the world during the next ten years.

A Terrible Fire.—At New Auburn, Minnesota, on the 13th ultimo, the residence of Mr. Ernest Charles was consumed by fire. The family were obliged to leave the house in their night clothes, and the mother was under the necessity of throwing her three children—the youngest three months old—from an upper window, and then making her escape the same way. A brother of Mr. Charles perished from suffocation. Mrs. Charles is so badly burned that it is feared she will not recover, and one of the children is in danger. The family have lost everything in the shape of clothes, bedding, &c.



THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:
MONDAY, AUGUST 2, 1856.

The People's State Ticket.

SUPREME JUDGE,
JOHN M. READ, of Philadelphia.
CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM E. FRAZER, of Fayette.

The People's Convention of Delegates assembled to-day at the Court-house, to nominate a ticket for our support at the coming election, and transact other business necessary for the furtherance of correct principles.

The past week has been one of considerable heat. Thursday last was one of the hottest of the season. We are now being visited by fine refreshing rains, which are the very thing the corn needed, to make it a splendid crop.

Two pic-nics have been held within the last ten days on the banks of Conowingo, near the State Road, both very largely attended. There was a great deal of pleasure, as there generally is at such social gatherings.

The bridge to be erected across Miney Branch, on the road from Fairfield to Nacemaker's Mill, was on Tuesday week, let to T. K. Taylor & Bro., of Liberty township, (lowest bidders), for \$1,100.

They are talking of having a Balloon ascension at Hanover shortly. Our neighbors are waking up. Never mind! We will have a Railroad too, after a little while—and then we will show the Hanoverians that they can't head us.

A new Post office has been established at Hanover, on the route from Littlestown to Emmitsburg, and Jeremiah Rinehart appointed Postmaster.

A Camp Meeting is to be held on the old ground, at Rock Chapel, York Springs Circuit, commencing on the 13th inst., and closing on the 19th.

Robbery!

On Wednesday night last, the house of Mr. WM. REEVER, on Washington street, was entered and robbed of about \$800, \$300 of which was in gold and silver. The money was in a bureau drawer in a room adjoining the chamber where Mr. Reever slept. The house was entered through the kitchen, and the drawer taken to the stable, where the money was abstracted, and the papers left. It is a serious loss to Mr. Reever, and he has the sympathy of the community generally. There is no clue to the guilty party. Mr. R. offers a reward of \$100 for the discovery.

Narrow Escape.

On Monday last, two sons of Mr. JACOB WEIKERT, near Gettysburg, started from home for this place in a buggy, with some resper knives to be dressed; when the horse became frightened and ran off, upsetting and breaking the buggy, and throwing out the young men among the knives of the resper. One of them was dreadfully cut in the head and arm, and abdomen; but we are gratified to learn, that he is now out of danger. It was indeed a narrow escape.

Campfire Accident.

Another Warning.—We learn with regret that Miss HANNAH, second daughter of our friend JOHN LEHMAN, Esq., of Franklin Grove, Illinois, formerly of this county, was recently severely burned by the explosion of a campfire lamp. She had just returned home from a ball at Dixon, ten miles distant, and was in the imprudent act of filling a lighted lamp with the fluid, when the explosion took place, the fire instantly communicating with her dress, and before it could be subdued, her hands, arms, face and breast were burned to a crisp. Her eyesight was, happily, not injured. There were hopes of her recovery at the date of the letter through which our information is derived, but her sufferings were excruciating.—Comptel.

In addition to the long list of town improvements published by us some time since, we understand that DAVID TROXEL, Sr., is about having a two-story brick dwelling erected near the west end of Chambersburg street; David and Charles Ziegler contractors.

A man named Henry Wertz, a plasterer by trade, living about nine miles from Hanover on the Black Rock Road, shot himself on Monday evening last with a double barreled pistol. One arm was shattered by a ball, another ball passed through the left lung. He was not killed, but lies in an extremely critical situation.

The telegraphic cable fleetwre to sail again on the 17th ult., for another and final attempt at success—there being still 25,000 miles of cable on board both ships.

A young man, aged 16 years, named James Shanessy, in Baltimore, was so frightened on Tuesday night last, by the attack of a vicious dog which rushed upon him, that he fell down dead. It is thought his death was caused by fright, which burst some of the arteries of the heart!—The dog was at once shot down.

The Tournament.

Mummsburg was crowded on Saturday, as it has not been for many years. At an early hour the people began to wend their way to it, and continued to arrive during the early part of the day. About noon the procession formed, under the efficient marshaling of Capt. BAILEY, and the Judges, Knights and visitors repaired to the ground selected for the riding—the large Common on the south side of the town. There were over 20 Knights, of whom five received honors. Mr. Charles Setton, of Fairfield, took the first; and Messrs. Charles Weaver, Charles Bushey, Henry Ziegler, and T. Bentley, of this place, took the second, third, fourth, and fifth respectively. After this entertainment was over, the rest of the afternoon was given up to various amusements.

Franklin County.

The People's Convention of Franklin county met in Chambersburg on Monday last, and settled their County Ticket as follows:

Assembly—Col. A. K. McClure.
Commissioner—J. Allison Eyster.
Director—Jacob Strickler.
Auditor—James B. Brewster.
Congressional Conference, (David Carson, Daniel O. Gehr, and Thaddeus Boggs) were appointed, instructed to nominate Hon. D. F. Robinson for Congress. This, we suppose, was a mere compliment to Mr. R., as there appears an evident disposition in the District to recognize the claims of Adams to the nomination at this time.

We observe with regret that our old and worthy friend, JOSEPH CUNNINGHAM, Esq., President of the Bank of Chambersburg, died on Monday last, in the 80th year of his age. He was a much esteemed, honored, and influential citizen of that place.

Great Fire in Lebanon.

A fire broke out in Lebanon, Pa., on Thursday morning last, about 2 o'clock, which resulted in the destruction of the Moravian Church and some 15 or 20 buildings!

Another fire took place on Friday morning, which destroyed three stables, with all their contents, consisting of live stock, hay, grain, &c. Both fires were caused by incendiaries, and the citizens are in a state of great anxiety and alarm.

The Lancaster County Treasurer paid into the State Treasury, a few days ago, the sum of \$97,380, State Tax!—the quota of that County.

Massacre of Christians.

The last arrival from Europe says there has been a terrible massacre of Christians, by the Mahomedans, at Jiddah, a city in Arabia Hedjaz, on the shores of the Red Sea, about 65 miles west of Mecca, of which city it is the port. Twenty persons were murdered, including among their number both the English and French Consuls. The British steamer Cyclops had rescued 26 Christians, and taken them to Suez. No Christians remained in the city. Two boats from the Cyclops had to fire on the Mahomedans, who attempted to intercept the retreat of the Christians from the town. Turkey has promised to avenge the massacre. Three British men-of-war have been ordered there, and it was reported that England and France would occupy the place at once with troops.

The number of deaths by yellow fever at New Orleans for the week ending July 27, were 25. Notwithstanding the number of yellow fever victims, the health of the city is considered good, as it is believed the season is too far advanced for the disease to become epidemic. We fear this is not well founded, as it has two or three months to work upon a country that has been so submerged in water as to render it necessarily unhealthy, when the water retires.

A PAIR OF GOOD OSES.—The Last of the Whig Party.—A firm in Chicago shipped last week, direct to London, eighteen thousand eon-skins.—Exchange.

The Last of the Democratic Party.—A party of enraged women in a town out West entered a grocery, a few days ago, and demolished some forty-odd barrels of whiskey.—Savannah Republican.

Mr. John Mitchell, editor of the Southern Citizen, at Knoxville, Tennessee, says, that the National Democracy has a temporary and luxuriant growth—but to keep it growing, and blooming, and bearing fruit, costs too much—eighty millions and not a dime less are required to keep it alive.

Israel Robinson, editor of the Martinsburg Republican, voted for the Democratic nominee for the Commonwealth Attorney in Berkeley county, at the election in May, with the following inscription on his ticket: "Vote for Geo. H. Murphy under protest of his fitness for the office." A nice instance of obedience to party nomination right or wrong.

President Buchanan and his niece, Miss Lane, Miss Bright, and Sir Gore Ouseley and family, left Washington on Wednesday last, for the Bedford Springs, for a short sojourn. Mr. Buchanan has been in the habit, for many years, of making an annual visit to that watering-place.

Harpers' Magazine for August is a splendid number, both in matter and illustrations. It is still going ahead in circulation, and becoming one of the choice magazines of the country.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—"The President, before leaving for Bedford Springs, appointed John Nugent, Esq., editor of the San Francisco Herald, who is now here, an agent to proceed to Frazer river, to make proper representations to the citizens of the United States, with the view of preventing collisions or outbreaks in that quarter, our government being satisfied, from official and other sources, that a liberal policy will be pursued toward them by the British authorities.

The course to be pursued toward Paraguay is now determined, having occupied much of the attention of the administration. It is reliably ascertained that, from the isolated position of Paraguay, and the difficulty of access to it, it is capable of making vigorous resistance to an outside force. Independently of a few small vessels, mounting, altogether, an armament of six guns, Lopez has three or four good steamers, recently constructed in England, and at an eligible point on the river a fort mounting 100 guns of different calibre. He has also a standing army of 12,000 men, and recently received from England a cargo of arms and ammunition; and he has in his employ, as engineers and ordnance men, several French officers.

The administration will send a fleet of six or seven vessels, including the Harriet Lane and steamer Fulton, the former steamer to be the flagship. Commander Page, who has been selected for the command, has proceeded to the North, in order to charter such additional steamers as may be adapted to the expedition. Although it is not supposed it will be necessary to fire a single gun, yet, in view of the defensive preparations of Paraguay, it is determined that our force shall be sufficiently formidable to meet all possible contingencies. The commissioners have not yet been selected.

Bogus Banks.

The committee appointed at the late session of the Legislature to inquire into the manner in which the Tioga, Crawford, Phoenixville and Octorara banks were organized, have reported to the Governor. The result of their investigation shows very conclusively, what was already understood, that the Tioga, Crawford and Shamokin banks were organized without bona fide capital of any kind; and are in fact nothing but swindling shops. The parties who got them up were New York and Buffalo brokers, aided by two or three Pennsylvanians, chief of whom is that distinguished democrat, J. Porter Brawley, late Surveyor General.

The same parties attempted to get control of the Phoenixville bank, but were fortunately thwarted by the honest firmness of the commissioners appointed by the act of incorporation. The Octorara bank seems to have escaped their clutches altogether. This latter bank has been started upon an honest basis, and the stock is wholly owned by citizens of the neighborhood, who are interested in having it fairly conducted.

Gov. Packer should at once issue a proclamation annulling the charter of the Tioga, Crawford and Shamokin banks. The law gives him ample power to do so. The State should no longer be disgraced by their existence.

The Free Trade plan of keeping up the National Government is Direct Taxation. The expenses of this year, are equal to TWENTY-THREE dollars to each voter in the country. How would the people like to pay this increased tax? The Southern Masters have decided that all Tariffs should be abandoned, and that Direct Taxes should be levied. In time this will become the overture of the whole Sham Democratic party, just as they have already adopted all the ultra doctrines of the Disunionists.

The crops in England, the last accounts say, promise great abundance, and are being harvested much earlier than they have been for many years.

Accounts from parts of the South mention that there is a great mortality among cattle, from a disease known as the black tongue. In consequence of this proceeding the butchers at Columbia, S. C. have suspended the sale of beef for the present.

A Minister Sentenced to State Prison.—T. Leen, formerly deputy postmaster at Tion, Tuscola county, Michigan, and a clergyman, has been convicted in the United States District Court of robbing the postoffice, and sentenced to fifteen years in State prison.

On the 21st ult., Solomon Weddle, a boy of some fifteen years, died in Frederick county, Md., of a disease strongly resembling, it is said, the black tongue.

A Great County.—It is stated that there is not a county in the United States that produces from her own soil more wealth than Washington county, Pennsylvania. In ordinary years, she sells \$250,000 worth of wool, \$300,000 wheat and flour, \$500,000 coal, and \$350,000 sheep and hogs, making a total of \$1,400,000.

Reappearance of the Plague.—The plague, after an intermission of twenty years, has reappeared in a district of the Paschok of Tripoli, named Bengaji, and at late accounts was continuing to make ravages as an epidemic. There was a rumor that it had already reached Constantinople, but for this there was no foundation. The most stringent quarantine regulations had been resorted to.

Are Working-men "Slaves"?

Our readers will wonder why we ask the question placed at the head of this article. They will reply: Of course not. Labor is the basis on which all personal and all national prosperity rests. Nothing useful can be accomplished without labor. By it, food is earned, and wealth and influence—every thing which makes life attractive. God's decree is, by the sweat of his brow, man is to earn his daily bread.

Thus his express order makes manual labor a condition of healthy life; and by this Highest authority, manual labor is made honorable. He who esteems it otherwise, pours contempt upon an ordinance of Divine establishment. It is the non-laborer, not the laborer, who fails to obey a law of his nature, and who thereby subjects himself to all the penalties consequent upon this failure.

A different view prevails elsewhere, and has had expression and defenders even in so distinguished a body as the Senate of the United States. It is to direct attention to this matter that we took up our pen.

A few months since, Ex-Governor HAMMOND, of South Carolina, delivered a speech in the Senate, in defence of the Lecompton Constitution, wherein he undertook not only to defend the institution of Slavery, as inherently right, and as eminently deserving of the fostering care of the Government, but to defend the principle of Slavery as against that of Freedom. We give his language as published by himself, and ask our readers to peruse it with attention:

"In all social systems, there must be a class to do the menial duties, to perform the drudgery of life. That is, a class requiring but a low order of intellect and but little skill. Its requisites are vigor, docility, fidelity. Such a class you must have, or you would not have that other class which leads progress, refinement, and civilization. It constitutes the very mud-sills of society and of political government; and you might as well attempt to build a house in the air, as to build either the one or the other, except on the mud-sill. Fortunately for the South, she found a race adapted to that purpose to her hand—a race inferior to herself, but eminently qualified, in temper, in vigor, in docility, in capacity, to stand the climate, to answer all her purposes. We use them for the purpose, and call them slaves. We are old-fashioned at the South yet; it is a word discarded now by ears polite; but I will not characterize that class at the North with that term, but you have it; it is there; it is everywhere; it is eternal.

"The Senator from New York said yesterday that the whole world had abolished Slavery. Ay, the name, but not the thing; and all the powers of the earth cannot abolish it. God only can do it when he pleases the first, 'the poor we always have with you' for the man who lives by daily labor, and scarcely lives at that, and who has to put out his labor in the market, and take the best he can get for it; in short, your whole class of manual laborers and operatives, as you call them, are slaves."

"The difference between us is, that our slaves are hired for life and well compensated; there is no starvation, no begging, no want of employment, among our people, and not too much employment either—Yours are hired by the day, not cared for, and scarcely compensated; which may be proved in the most deplorable manner, at any hour, in any street, in any of your large towns. Why, sir, you meet more beggars in one day, in any single street of the city of New York, than you would meet in a lifetime in the whole South. Our slaves are black, of another inferior race. The status in which we have placed them is an elevation. They are elevated from the condition in which God first created them, by being made our slaves. None of that race on the whole face of the globe can be compared with the slaves of the South, and they know it. They are happy, contented, unsuspicious, and utterly incapable, from intellectual degradation, ever to give us any trouble by their aspirations.

"Your slaves are white, of your own race; you are brothers of one blood. They are your equals in natural endowment of intellect, and they feel galled by their degradation. Our slaves do not vote. We give them no political power. Yours do vote, and being the majority, they are the depositaries of all your political power. If they knew the tremendous secret, that the ballot-box is stronger than an army with bayonets, and could combine, where would you be? Your society would be reconstructed, your property divided, not as they have mistakenly attempted to initiate such proceedings by meeting in parks, with arms in their hands, but by the quiet process of the ballot-box. You have been making war upon us to our very hearthstones. How would you like us to send recruiters or agitators North, to teach these people this, to aid and assist in combining, and to lead them?"

This extract, it will be observed, defends the principle of Slavery. Mr. HAMMOND believes and argues that one class in a community ought to be enslaved to another, and that one class always is, practically, in Slavery. These are laborers. He says that daily laborers are the "mud-sill" of society, are in fact slaves, and ought to be so in law. He says that in the South negroes are the slaves, and that in the North white laborers are "essentially slaves." He argues that it is better to have these classes in legal slavery, as that avoids beggary, want of employment, &c. He says, Northern slaves are black; Northern are white. And he says that while there are poor people, there will always be slaves. Thus, poverty is made a crime, and so deserves slavery. Mr. HAMMOND believes in the principle of Slavery, and thinks it does not depend upon color; and that all "manual hiring laborers and operatives" should be slaves in law, as he maintains they are in fact.

These atrocious sentiments were uttered by an Administration democrat on the floor of the U. S. Senate, and not a member of the Administration Democracy has to this day rebuked him, or denounced him, or even tried to answer him! This was left to the Republicans, who have most effectually flayed him alive. Mr. HAMMOND, of course, has no sympathy with working-men, or with Northern Society, which is the fruit of Free Labor. He believes that poor white men are not entitled to be free. Nevertheless, he is a prominent member of the Democratic party, was a strong advocate of the Lecompton Constitution, and is a bitter, unrelenting foe of Republican ideas. His language is full of warning to Northern Working-men.

From California.

The steamer Moses Taylor arrived at New York on Tuesday, with San Francisco dates to the 5th July. She brought nearly \$1,200,000 in gold, and 200 passengers.

The excitement in regard to the newly discovered gold regions at Frazer's river, in the British Territory, was unabated, and the most marvellous reports were in circulation. One letter writer says his first day's yield was \$700. Victoria was crowded with Americans, and building lots were held as high as \$10,000. Fourteen steam and sail vessels left San Francisco for Frazer river during the fortnight.

Twenty-two canoes filled with Indian warriors were passed going into Victoria, and two hundred more were on the way. The upper Columbia and Oregon Indians were collecting in large numbers. The mining region would soon be overrun by them, and an indiscriminate massacre no doubt be the result. The commander of the department of the Pacific was hurrying all the troops under his command to protect the inhabitants from the Indians. The number and equipments of the troops were wretchedly inadequate.

Business at San Francisco continued unusually active. Large operations have taken place in provisions and other goods used at the mines, at a heavy advance.

The Supreme Court of California has decided that the Sunday law is unconstitutional. The prosecutions under the law have accordingly been abandoned.

The arrival from California brings \$1,200,000 in gold. The advices still further confirm the productiveness of the new gold fields, and the large emigration thence from California, &c. It is evident that a brisk trade is to spring up between the American and British possessions for supply of the miners, and shipments from the Atlantic coast will be stimulated. Already Eastern flour had advanced \$1 per bbl., and it is presumed other goods will also experience a rise. There is likely to be serious trouble with the Indians, however, who will become alarmed at the influx of the whites. The British authorities and restrictions may be less troublesome to the Americans than the savages.

Gov. Stevens has word from careful men at the Frazer river gold region to the effect that difficulties between American immigrants and the Hudson's Bay Company seem inevitable. Within its jurisdiction little or no supplies can be furnished. Indeed the inhabitants rely for their bread-stuffs, &c., upon our citizens in Washington Territory, and in Oregon. It is not, therefore, likely that the miners will submit readily to pay the exorbitant prices for supplies which the Hudson's Bay Company, as assumed factors, may see fit to impose.

A dreadful explosion took place at two large fire work factories near London, on the 12th ult.; and the scene baffles description. The rockets shot in every direction, and the Catherine wheels and the more powerful description of fire-works exploded, scattering every thing used in the buildings in every direction, knocking down firemen, and upwards of 300 men, women and children. The loss of property was very great; and 300 persons were more or less hurt, some of whom would lose their lives. One had already died.

The Health of the West.—There is great danger that the Western country where the late floods have occurred may become pestilential and unsafe to health and life. We see it noticed already that the region recently submerged by the overflow of the rivers is now afflicted by miasma, caused by the decaying matter left upon the subsidence of the flood. Drones of hogs turned out upon the reclaimed lands along the Illinois shore, are dying off rapidly from an epidemic which has suddenly broken out; the health of the inhabitants is beginning to suffer.

Hog Cholera in Mississippi.—The Coahoma Citizen of the 17th ult., says: The hog cholera is making sad havoc among the hogs in this county. Dr. A. Whitaker had one hundred and forty-seven in a pen, and all but thirty died in a few days. Dr. B. L. Rozell has lost a great portion of his; and our friend Fiois Shelby has also lost about eighty. The disease is general throughout the county.

Pennsylvania does not own a single mile of canal or railroad. A little over thirty years ago she commenced a system of internal improvements, and she now owns a little short of forty millions of debt, as the result of her experience in making canals and railroads.

The election in Kansas, to determine upon the acceptance or rejection of the Lecompton Constitution, takes place to-day.

A few days since a large party of persons left Philadelphia in the Baltimore cars to enjoy a picnic at Fairview, near Chester. While in the woods the mother of a child three months old placed it in the care of an aunt. In the evening when the cars were about to return to the city, and the child was fast asleep on the ground in the grove, the aunt started to search for her bonnet; she had just sufficient time to return and get on board the train. Not observing the child in her hurry, she supposed the mother had taken it, but unfortunately the two ladies got into different cars, each supposing the other to have the child, so that it was not ascertained until the arrival of the train at the depot in the city that it had been left behind. The father immediately hired a hack and returned to the grove, and was overjoyed to learn that a servant girl, living in the neighborhood, had had her attention attracted to the sleeping infant by the barking of a dog, and had taken it home to the employer's house. Here the father found it, and was soon on his return to the distracted mother and aunt.

Swindle on the Railroad.—An Irish woman, named Margaret Duff, aged about forty-four years of age, voluntarily threw herself upon the track of the Pennsylvania railroad, about two miles from Pittsburgh, on Friday afternoon, and was run over by the Blairsville Accommodation train, which was approaching the city at the time. The movements of the woman were observed by a passenger, at whose instigation the train was stopped, but not until it had passed over the woman. She was picked up, and one foot and a leg just below the knee were severed. She was then taken to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, and expired at two o'clock, three hours after the occurrence. The woman was observed to leave the woods as the train approached, and prostrate herself upon the track, putting her hands over her eyes. She told the nurses at the hospital that it was her desire to commit suicide, giving as a reason that she was tired of life.

Sad Incident of the Late George.—During the high waters of the Mississippi and its tributaries, a few weeks since, a vast extent of country between the Mississippi and Red River was overflowed. In many places the waters were so deep as to destroy all the improvements and animals. One morning early, a gentleman, who had passed most of the night at hard labor, striving to secure his cabins and stock from being swept away, while passing in a skiff to his house, heard the sound of a human voice at a distance, apparently in distress. He hastened in the direction of the sound, and after rowing about a quarter of a mile, he saw a poor, emaciated, and almost lifeless child, about seven years old, floating upon a log. He drew up to it and caught it by the arm, but before she was fully secured from danger in the skiff, the little thing raised her piteous cry, "Go get me a sis!" "Do get me, out there in the water?" Search was made, but it was too late to save them. The father, and mother, and three children, after clinging and struggling for life for several days, amid the increasing waters, at length perished, leaving this little child alone to tell the tale of woe.

Clergymen Attacked on the Street.—Rev. Dr. Wilson, pastor of the First Presbyterian church in Cincinnati, was attacked on the street by two men, who demanded his money, on Friday night last. He broke away from them when one of them felled him to the earth with a bludgeon, and then both made their escape. Rev. Mr. Bristow, of the M. E. church, was struck a violent blow on the street in Louisville, a few days ago, by a rascally who alleged he mistook him for another man.

Wm. B. Astor, the New York millionaire, has determined to build three large steamships, the cost of which will be about \$3,000,000, so as to give employment to mechanics who are now unable to obtain work. After the ships are finished, he will offer them for sale, first to our Government, and if not successful in selling them here, then to European powers.

Fatal Drinking Match.—The Lancaster (Pa.) Times says that Mr. Isaac Baer, of Warwick township, in that county, and one Garber, drank seven gallons of whisky in 13 days, when Baer died of mania-a-potu, leaving Garber master of the field.

A Shower of Flies.—A recent number of the St. Louis Democrat says: On the down trip of the steamer Editor in the Illinois, the other night, at 9 o'clock, a shower or stream of the Mormon or Shufly poured upon her deck to the depth of six inches, and it was a very difficult matter to shore them overboard. They were so numerous as to put out the watchman's light and envelop every thing in midnight darkness. The trees along the shore look as if borne down by these short-lived insects. The visitation is said to prognosticate a sickly season.

The Cost of Reaching the Fraser River Mines.—A letter to the New York Journal of Commerce states that the price of passage by the steamer from San Francisco to Victoria, Bellingham Bay, &c. is on the average \$30 to \$40. Added to this is \$20 and \$25 for river passage on the steamer Surprise, or by canoe to Fort Hope. It is fair to say, that a miner, to go from San Francisco to Fraser river mines, wants at least \$200 a \$250 cash to enable him to go to work successfully.

A Runaway Slave.—A runaway slave was discovered in the attic of a Methodist church at Washington, D. C., on a recent Sunday morning. He had lived there for four or five months, unsuspected, and used up the communion wine and picked up his food by nightly sorties into the neighboring pantries.

Land in the West.—Less than an acre of land in St. Paul, that was purchased in 1848 at \$125, was sold on the 2d inst., for \$19,000 cash. Before the hard times, the owner had refused \$13,000 for the city lot.

Beware of Sudden Changes.—A few days since a man in Preston, C. W., while perspiring very freely from excessive heat, went into an ice-house, and died in a few minutes.

Smothered in a Trunk.—A boy, 10 years old, named George Priokner, the son of a German widow, residing in Brooklyn, suddenly disappeared on Friday week, and was missing until Monday morning, when his body was found in a large trunk or chest in the house of his mother. On Friday, while the mother was absent, the deceased was at play with a companion, and evidently got into the trunk to conceal himself, when a self-adjusting lock closed the lid upon him and he was smothered. During Saturday and Sunday the friends and neighbors looked in every direction to find the boy, but without success. On Monday morning the mother was induced to open the chest by a strong smell which seemed to emanate from it, expecting to find the body of a rat, but to her astonishment she found the body of her missing son.

A Parade of Fat Buckeyes.—Fifty fat men of Mansfield, Ohio, had a parade on the 5th. The lightest in the company weighed 200 pounds. The captain was estimated at 255 pounds; the heaviest man in the crowd weighed 355, and the next 290 pounds.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE—Friday last.	
Flour,	\$4 37 to 4 50
Wheat,	1 12 to 1 20
Rye,	70 to 72
Corn,	83 to 90
Oats,	40 to 42
Cloverseed,	4 00 to 4 50
Timothyseed,	12 00 to 12 25
Beef Cattle,	6 00 to 6 75
Hay, (in bundles),	12 00 to 14 00
Do. (loose),	9 00 to 11 00

YORK—Friday last.	
Flour, per bbl., from wagons,	3 87
Wheat, per bushel,	85¢ to 86¢
Rye,	67
Corn,	77
Oats,	36
Chow Seed,	4 00
Timothy Seed,	2 00
Plaster Paris, per ton,	8 50

HANOVER—Thursday last.	
Flour, (from Wagons),	\$4 00
Wheat, per bushel,	80¢ to 81¢
Rye,	65
Corn,	63
Oats,	33
Buckwheat,	4 50
Timothy Seed,	1 50
Glover Seed,	4 00

Married.
On the 27th ult., by the Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. JOHN A. HUMMELBAUGH, of Whites-town, to Miss CATHERINE E. MESSING, of Cumberland township.

On the 29th ult., by Rev. Jacob Fry, Mr. RICHARD C. LAMERSON, of this county, to Miss MARY MELWEE, of Papertown, Cumberland county.

On the 27th ult., in Hagerstown, Md., by Rev. C. C. Baughman, Dr. J. E. HERBERT, of Patterson, Juniata Co., Pa., (formerly of this place), to Miss A. E. ANTZ, daughter of David Antz, Esq., of Hagerstown, Md.

Died.
On the 15th inst., at the residence of George Spangler, in Freedom township, Mr. JOHN WALTER, aged 38 years 3 months and 15 days. He broke one of his legs on the 24th of December last, from which period his illness dated. He suffered long and severely.

On the 10th ult., of partial croup throat, Miss LYDIA A. KIRSE, of Liberty township, aged 17 years and 11 days.

On the 25th ult., CAROLINE SARAH ANN, daughter of Mr. Peter Fald, of Monroeville township, aged 6 years 10 months and 20 days.

On the 17th inst., at Reisterstown, Md., WILLIAM DAVID, son of Wm. and Susanna Pfeiffer, aged 1 year 8 months and 21 days.

On the 24th ult., Mr. ALEXANDER KEETH, of this county, aged 53 years 3 months and 7 days.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of Jacob MCKENRY, deceased, will expose to Public Sale, on Friday the 10th of September, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

A FARM.
late the estate of said deceased, situated in Mountjoy township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Silas Horner, Peter Busby, Joseph Middlemore and others, on the road leading from the Two Taverns to the Emmitsburg road, and a mile and a half from the Baltimore Turnpike, containing

235 ACRES,
of Patented Land. There is a proportion of Meadow and Wood-land. The improvements are a two-story

HOUSE,
a Log Barn, with Sheds all around, and other Out-buildings; a well of water at the house, and one near the barn, and two never-failing springs on the Farm. There is an abundance of Fruit, of all kinds.

The premises will be shown to any person desirous of purchasing, by the subscriber, near the premises.

The above property will be sold altogether, or in two parts as might suit purchasers.

Terms made known on day of sale by
JOSEPH MACKLEY, Esq.

Aug. 2.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT Assignee's Sale.

THE undersigned, Assignee of CHAS. MCKENRY & WIFE, under a deed of voluntary assignment for the benefit of Creditors, will offer at Public Sale, on Saturday, August 28th, on the premises, at 10 o'clock, said day, **THAT VALUABLE**

FARM,
& MOUNTAIN-LAND,

belonging to CHAS. MCKENRY, formerly owned by Martin Wingert, deceased, situate part in Franklin and part in Menallen townships, Adams county, on the public road leading from D. Newman's, on the Chambersburg Turnpike, to the old Shippensburg road, five miles north-west of Acendaville, containing

1200 ACRES,
more or less, of Patented Land, of which 100 Acres are cleared, the remainder in excellent Chesnut, Pine and Rock-Oak Timber, equal to any in the County. The clear land has nearly all been leaved, and is in a good state of cultivation.

The improvements are a good two-story

LOG HOUSE, with a stone Kitchen, a good Wash-house, a large Stone Bank, a well of first water near the house; and two ORCHARDS of excellent fruit. There is also on the premises, about 300 yards from the house,

AN EXCELLENT SAW-MILL.

The property will be sold altogether, or divided to suit purchasers. It will be shown to any person desirous of examining the same by the subscriber, or CHAS. MCKENRY, who resides on the premises. Terms made known on the day of sale by

JOHN HOOVER, Assignee.

Aug. 2.

A Card from Dr. James M. Jarrett, of the New-York Lung Infirmary.—My connection for the past eight years with the above Institution, as Chief Physician, and a twelve years' course of steady devotion to the Cure of Pulmonary Consumption and its kindred diseases, together with my unrivalled opportunities and advantage of pathological research—acquired not a little by a perfect system of Medical Education—has enabled me to arrive at a decisive, direct, and successful course of treatment for the positive and radical cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, and Air-Passages. By Inhalation, the vapor and curative properties of medicines are directly addressed to the diseased organs and the infirmity. I do not advise the use of Medical Inhalation of any kind, to the exclusion of general treatment; and although I consider it a useful adjunct in the proper management of those fearful and often fatal diseases, yet I deem it very necessary that each patient should have the benefit of both general and local treatment.

The success of my treatment in the above diseases, and the high character for the Institution over which I have so long had the honor to preside, are too well known to need any eulogy or comment from me. At the solicitation of many private and personal friends, through whose philanthropic aid the above charity has been long and liberally supported, and after due consideration, I have concluded to make such arrangements as will bring the benefits of my experience and treatment within the reach of all, and not confine myself, as heretofore, to those only who entered the Infirmary, or who were able to visit me at my office. Hoping therefore that the arrangement will give entire satisfaction, both to my professional brethren and the public, I would respectfully announce in conclusion, that I can now be consulted personally or by letter, on all diseases as above, and that the medicines, the same as used in the Institution, prepared to suit each individual case, *Labeling Vapors, Medical Inhalers, &c.*, &c., will be forwarded by express to any part of the United States or the Canadas. Terms: My terms of treatment by letter are as follows, viz.: \$12 per month for each patient, which will include medicine sufficient for one month's use; also, Inhalation Vapor, and an Inhalation Apparatus. Payment as follows: \$6 to be paid to Express Agent on receipt of the box of Medicine, and the balance \$6 at the expiration of the month, if the patient be cured or is entirely satisfied with the treatment. Patients, by giving a full history of their case, and their symptoms in full, can be treated as well by letter as by personal examination. Patients availing themselves of Dr. Jarrett's treatment may rely upon immediate relief, as he seldom has to treat a case over thirty days. Letters for advice promptly answered. For further particulars address

JAMES M. JARRETT, M.D.,
No. 820 Broadway, cor. Twelfth St., N. Y. P. S.—Physicians and others visiting the city are respectfully invited to call at the Infirmary, where many interesting cases can be witnessed, and where one improved apparatus for the inhalation of medical vapor can be seen and inspected.

Aug. 2.

Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Stralton township will meet at the house of Jacob L. Grass, in Huntersburg, on Saturday the 10th day of August next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of employing SEVEN TEACHERS, to take charge of the Public Schools of said Township. By order,

JOHN G. BRINKERHOFF, Esq.

July 26.

W. R. Linn, of Newville, Pa.,
AGENT FOR

Prince & Co's Improved Melodeons
THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

Also, the World-renowned

CHICKERING PIANOS.
Pianos and Melodeons delivered to any address at Manufacturers' prices. Every instrument warranted. Send for a circular.

July 12.

NOTICE.
THE first and final account of Elias Hartman, Committee of SOPHIA BEAR (lunatic), deceased, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by the said Court on the 16th day of August next, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB BUSHBY, Prothy.

Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, July 19, 1858.

Pay Up.
PERSONS indebted to the late Firm of BRONKHORST & ASSOCIATES, are hereby notified to pay to Geo. B. BRONKHORST, on or before the 24th day of July, after that date all claims due and unpaid will be put in suit for immediate collection.

BHINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH.
July 5.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, desirous of removing to the West, offers at Private Sale, on reasonable terms, his

FARM,
situated in Menallen township, Adams county, half a mile from the Public Road leading from Acendaville to the Shippensburg road, 3 1/2 miles northwest of Acendaville, adjoining lands of Valentino Beamer, Henry Beamer and others,

Containing 145 Acres,
more or less, of PATENTED LAND, of which 50 Acres are cleared; the remainder is well timbered with Chesnut, Oak and Pine. There have been 2,000 bushels of Lime put upon the clear land. The improvements are a good two-story log weather-boarded

HOUSE,
a new Bank Barn, basement of stone, Wagon-shed, Corn-crisp, and other out-buildings; a well of water near the door. There is a good ORCHARD of choice fruit on the premises.

The above property will be at Private Sale until Saturday the 14th day of August next, on which day, if not sold previously, it will be offered at Public Sale, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

The property will be shown, and terms made known, by the subscriber, residing on the premises.

JOHN SELLICK.
July 19.

VALUABLE LIMESTONE FARM FOR SALE.

THE Heirs of JAMES BLYTHE, dec., offer at Private Sale, on the premises, the

FARM,
late deceased, situated in Carroll's Tract, Adams county, Pa., 8 miles west of Gettysburg, and 2 miles north of Fairfield, adjoining lands of John and Daniel Mickle, James Donaldson, John Rhea and others, containing

137 Acres and 122 Perches
of Patented Land, with a fair proportion of Meadow and Timber-land. The improvements consist of

A TWO-STORY
STONE HOUSE,
with Back-building, and a well of never-failing water at the door. Blacksmith's Shop, a Double Log Barn with Sheds, Corn-crisp, and a well in the yard, also turning water through the Farm. There is a variety of Fruit Trees, and an excellent ORCHARD on the premises.

The land is in a good state of cultivation, being principally a Limestone soil, with an abundant quarry of Stone, and a substantial Lime-Kiln, but recently erected.

Persons wishing to examine the property will call upon one of the Heirs, residing at Gettysburg.

THE HEIRS.
May 24, 1858.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, on his Real Estate, as follows:

No. 1.—My late residence in Gettysburg, fronting 30 feet on Chambersburg street, with Brick Dwelling, Stable and other improvements.

No. 2.—Lot adjoining the above on the West, fronting 22 feet on a street, with Stable, &c.

No. 3.—Lot adjoining No. 2, fronting 25 feet on same street, with large Coach Shop, and other improvements.

No. 4.—Lot adjoining No. 3, fronting 20 feet with double Brick Dwelling, Smith Shop, &c.

No. 5.—Lot west of the Foundry, with Steam Saw and Grist Mill.

No. 6.—Lot adjoining No. 5, containing about 3 acres.

No. 7.—Three Lots fronting each 30 feet on Chambersburg street.

No. 8.—Lot northeast of Town, containing about 4 1/2 acres.

No. 9.—Tract of Land in Hamilton township, lying on Marsh creek, containing 5 1/2 acres, part cleared and part in first-rate timber.

No. 10.—Vacant Establishment in Shippensburg town, Va., with good well, &c. The location is an admirable one for business, and improvements in good order.

Titles good, and terms to suit purchasers. Enquire of D. A. BURNETT, Esq., Gettysburg, or the undersigned residing in Shippensburg, Va.

C. W. HOFFMAN.
Jan. 13.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

J. L. SCHICK has just received and offers for sale the most desirable assortment of DRY GOODS ever brought to Gettysburg, consisting in part of Spring Silks, Plain Black do., Foulards, Challi Robes & Lullis, Lawn do., &c., Spring Delaines, Oriental Lustres, also, Bombazines, Alpacaes, De Bezes, Gaudes, Lawns, Brilliant, Shepherds, Plaids, Crapes, De Espange, Tissue Bareges, &c.

April 5, 1858.

Spring Millinery.
MISS MCKENRY has just returned from the City, and is now opening a beautiful assortment of MILLINERY, and FANCY GOODS, of the latest styles, which she will sell at the lowest cash prices, and which she invites the Ladies to call and examine.

Milliners who wish to buy to sell again, will find it much to their advantage to give her a call, as she keeps none but the most fashionable Goods.

April 19.

GROCERIES.
SUGAR, Coffee, Molasses, and all kinds of spices, and every article in the grocery line, cheap and good at the new Dry Good & Grocery Store of

J. C. GUINN & BRO.
Stingless, Stingless.

Particular Attention! THE RAIL ROAD.

WITHOUT doubt be finished to Gettysburg by the first of October next, and it is confidently expected that the board of Directors will give a free "blow out" on that great day. Meantime Picking would most respectfully inform those 500 men who purchased their Overcoats from him last fall, and those 499 who have already procured their Summer Clothing, and the public generally, that he has just returned from the city with another beautiful assortment of Coats, consisting of Cloth, Cassimere, Cashmere, Italian cloth, Ducks, and Linen, Frock, sack and Raglans.

PANTS
of every possible description, and at prices that cannot fail to please the most economical purchaser.

VESTS
that will compete in make and style with the best custom work. Thankful for the past encouragement, I hope by a desire to please, a series of attention to business, and by giving you all good and cheap clothing, to merit a continuance of your patronage. Remember the place, Chambersburg street, opposite the English Lutheran Church.

F. B. PICKING.
July 19.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

George Arnold
HAS now on hand the largest Stock of Ready Made Clothing in Town, comprising every variety and size—all of his own manufacture; which will be warranted well made. Having hands constantly employed cutting out, and making up, if we cannot fit you with a garment, really made, we will sell you the goods, take your measure, and make you up a garment on the shortest notice.

Please call at the Clothing Emporium, where you will find Mr. Culp always on hand, bright and accommodating. Our Stock is large, well selected, and will be sold cheap for cash.

Gettysburg, March 29, 1858.

FRESH FRUITS, GROCERIES, NOTIONS, &c.

Fruits.—Fruits of every description, as follows: Dried Raisins, Figs, Oranges, Lemons, Dates, Palm Nuts, Filberts, hard and paper shell Almonds, Pecans, &c.

Groceries.—A good assortment of Sugars—Loaf, Brown, Powdered and Cru. best Coffee, N. O. Molasses, Syrups of the best quality, Rice, Soda, Starch, Teas, Cinnamon, (ground and unground,) Cloves, Mustard, &c.

Perfumery.—Perfumery of every description, which will be sold low for Cash.

Lemon Syrup.—A large lot just received. Any one desiring a cheap, pleasant and healthy drink will do well by purchasing this Syrup.

Tobacco.—All the various kinds of Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, for sale by Wm. Boyer & Son.

WM. BOYER & SON.
April 26.

Now for Bargains, at JOHN SCOTT'S NEW STORE,

In Chambersburg Street.

WHIO has just added to his large stock of Groceries, &c., a full supply of DRY GOODS, Calicoes, Muslins, Delaines, &c., which have been selected with care, and will be sold at prices to suit the times. Call and examine for yourselves. Also, just received a fresh supply of Groceries and Queensware, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Cheese, Smeets, Oranges, Lemons, Almonds, Prunes, Confections, Cocoa Nuts, Powder, Shot, Tobacco, Segars, Brooms, Shovels, Forks, Syringes and Strych Shells, Washboards, &c.; in a word—everything pertaining to a variety store.

The public will accept my thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore given me, and are requested to call and examine my stock of Goods. I will be glad to see my friends at all times, and will sell them Goods at prices which cannot be beat.

May 10.

Carpeting!—From Auction.
3,000 YDS. Carpets, all styles and patterns, just received, which we purchased at auction at a great sacrifice to the manufacturer, and which we will offer at greatly reduced prices. We will sell Carpets, Wool filling, handsome patterns, at 31, 35, 40, 45 and 50 cents, such as never were brought at anything like the present prices. Those in want of cheap Carpet should call at once and select from our present assortment.

May 17. FAINESTOCK BROTHERS.

FRESH GROCERIES. COME AND SEE.

NORRICK & MARTIN have just received from the city a large lot of fresh Goods in their line. Sugar of all qualities and prices; Molasses, five different kinds; Coffee, three kinds; Teas, embracing every variety; Cheese, Crackers, Macaroni, Brooms, Brushes, &c., &c.; Powder and Shot, Pencils, and a variety of Fancy Articles.

April 12.

Clear the Way for the New Firm!
No. 1, 2, and 3, Riding and Wagon saddles, Trunks, Buggy, and Carriage Harness, Buggy, Carriage, Sags, Mule Hair, Ticking and common Cloths, Riding and Driving Bridles, Matting, Halters, Horse covers and Fly Nets of every description; Whips &c., just received and for sale astonishingly low at BRINGMAN & CULP's, sign of the "BIG BOOT," Chambersburg

SHERIFF'S SALES.

In pursuance of sundry writs of Venditioni exponas, and Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Adams County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, on **Saturday the 7th day of August, A. D. 1858,** at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

No. 1. A Lot of Ground, situated on Baltimore street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams County, Pa., adjoining lot of Henry J. Stables on the north, and lot of Rev. C. P. Krauth on the south, with the improvements to wit:—One two-story weather-boarded HOUSE, with two-story Brick Back-building attached, a log Stable, and a well of water.

No. 2. One other Lot, situated on High street, in said Borough, adjoining Public School-house on the east, and a private alley to No. 1 on the west, and running back to an alley, on which is erected a two-story Brick DWELLING, with Back-building attached.

No. 3. A Lot of Ground, situated on the corner of Washington and West Middle-streets, running back to an alley in said Borough, on which are erected a two-story Brick HOUSE, a one and a half story Frame HOUSE, and a Frame Blacksmith shop.

No. 4. A Lot of Ground, fronting on Middle street, adjoining Lot of Samuel Weaver on the west, and Lot No. 3 on the east, and running back to an alley in said Borough.

No. 5. A Tract of Land, containing 7 Acres, more or less, situated in the Borough of Gettysburg aforesaid, adjoining lands of Robert Smith and others.

No. 6. A Tract of Land, containing 36 Acres, more or less, situated in Cumberland township, Adams County, Pa., adjoining lands of Ephraim Hanaway, John Herbst and others.

No. 7. A Tract of Land, containing 6 Acres, more or less, situated in the Borough of Gettysburg aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: On the north by the Millerstown road, and on the south by West Middle-street—Said land taken in execution as the estate of Thomas F. Frazier.

A Lot of Ground, fronting on South Baltimore street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams County, Pa., bounded on the south by Dr. John Runkel, and on the north and west by public alleys, on which are erected a two-story Log weather-boarded HOUSE, a Brick Back-building, a large Frame Shop, (recently occupied as a Store); a Brick Stable, Frame Wood-house, and all necessary out-buildings. Seized and taken in execution as the property of PETER SEARDS.

A Tract of Land, containing 45 Acres, more or less, situated in Cumberland township, Adams County, Pa., adjoining lands of Daniel Keckler, John Bayly and others, on which is erected a two-story Log HOUSE, and a well of water near the door. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Edward Hunter.

A Tract of Land, situated in Mount Pleasant township, Adams County, Pa., adjoining lands of John M. Samuel Cashman and others, containing 13 Acres, more or less, on which are erected a one-story Stone HOUSE and Frame Stable; a spring on the premises. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Samuel Greenwell.

The Interest of Job M. Peters in a Tract of Land, containing 55 Acres, more or less, situated in Butler township, Adams County, Pa., adjoining lands of Henry G. Koser, Samuel Hammer, John Walter and others, on which are erected a two-story Log HOUSE, with one-story Kitchen attached, a Double Log Barn, Spring house, and other out-buildings. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Job M. Peters.

ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, July 19, 1858.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is knocked down, or upon failure to comply therewith the property will be again put up for sale.

Notice of Inquest.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the heirs and legal representatives of Mrs. SARAH ARMSTRONG, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, in the County of Adams, deceased, to wit: Margaret McConaughy, James Ewing, Margaret Ross, Ann Ewing, Eliza Ewing, Mary Cassar, Nancy Horst, and Margaret Edie—that an INQUEST will be held on the following property, viz: A certain Messuage or HOUSE and Lot of Ground, situated in the Borough of Gettysburg, being the West half of Lot No. 70 in said Borough, adjoining lot of Rev. C. P. Krauth on the East, and West and C. W. Hoffman on the East, and fronting on Chambersburg street in said Borough, on the South, with an alley on the North, together with the Dwelling-house and appurtenances, on **Saturday the 7th of August next, at 2 o'clock, P. M.** on said premises, to make partition thereof, to and amongst the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, if the same will admit of partition, without prejudice to or spoiling the whole thereof; but if the same will not admit of such partition, to inquire how many of said heirs it will conveniently accommodate, and part and divide the said lot and among the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, if the same will not admit of division at all without prejudice to or spoiling the whole thereof, then to value and appraise the same, whole and undivided—whereof all persons interested are hereby notified.

ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, July 12, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams County, to make distribution of the balance remaining in the hands of Jacob Aulbach, Administrator of the Estate of MARY SUMMERVILLE, late of Reading township, Adams County, deceased, will sit in the discharge of his duty, at his office in the Borough of Gettysburg, on **Thursday the 5th day of August next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.** when and where all persons interested in said distribution may attend if they think proper.

DAVID WILLS, Auditor.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned, Assignee of CHARLES McKESSER and Wife, of Franklin township, Adams County, under deed of Voluntary Assignment, hereby gives notice to all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said CHARLES McKESSER, to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JOHN HOOVER, Assignee.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, desirous of removing to the West, offers at Private Sale, on reasonable terms his

FARM, situate in Menallen township, Adams County, on the public road leading from Ardenstville to the Shippensburg road, 3 miles north of Ardenstville, containing 250 Acres, more or less, of Patented Land; of which 100 acres are cleared, the remainder in excellent Chestnut and Chestnut Oak Timber, as good as any in the County. The clear land has been twice limed—40 bushels to the acre having been put upon it. The improvements are a good

TWO STORY LOG WEATHER-BEATED HOUSE, a new Bank Barn, basement of stone, Waggon-shed, Corn-crib, Cider-press, &c., &c.; a well of water at the house and one at the Barn; and two ORCHARDS of choice Fruit. The property will be sold all together, or divided to suit purchasers.

The above property will be at Private Sale on **Saturday the 7th day of August next,** on which day, if not sold previously, it will be offered at Public Sale, at 2 o'clock, P. M. The property will be shown, and terms made known by the subscriber, residing on the property.

VALENTINE S. FELL, June 28.

Store for Sale.

THE entire stock and fixtures of the store at Grassburg Springs, Adams County. The goods are now and fresh and well suited for a country store. Also, a lot of CHEST-NUT RAILS and POSTS. Apply to GEORGE H. CURRY, Grassburg Springs, or JNO. DOWNEY, Fayetteville, Pa.

May 31.

Pamphlet Laws.

THE Pamphlet Laws for 1858 have been received at the Prothonotary's Office, and are ready for distribution to those who are entitled to receive them.

JACOB BUSHEY, Prothy. Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, July 12, 1858.

D. PAXTON, NEW FIRM. [PR. MICHIGN.]

Paxton & Rulhney, (Successors to Colman & Paxton,) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, & SPRAW GOODS.

Also, Wall Paper, Window Shades, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Canes, Tobacco & Sugars, &c. &c. At the South-east Corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Adams County, Pa.

March 25.

REMOVAL.

New House & New Goods:

JACOBS & BROTHER

HAVE removed their Merchant Tailoring Establishment to the splendid new three-story house on the north side of Chambersburg street, adjoining Bringham & Anglin's, where they will continue business on a larger scale than ever.

They keep a full assortment of Cassimere, Vestings, &c., &c., has been largely increased, and they are prepared to sell at low prices on the lowest—defying all competition. Give them a call, and examine their assortment of all the goods they sell. No trifle to show you.

Notices made up on short notice and in the very best and most tasteful manner. With their long practical experience in the business, and a desire to please, they hope to be able to give satisfaction in all cases.

ALL ONE AND ALL. Gettysburg, March 29, 1858.

COFFEES, Chocolate, Sugar, Molasses, Rice, Pepper, Almonds, Cloves, Ginger, Cinnamon, Mustard, Ground Alum Salt, Starch, Saleratus, Baking Soda, Washing Soda, Epsom Salts, Alum, Copperas, Madder, Rosin, Soft and Hard Soap, Castile, Toilet, and Rosin do, Ink, Silver sand, &c., &c., all of the best quality, constantly kept on hand at

SCOTT'S.

UMBRELLAS and Gases of every variety and prices, at

BRINGMAN & CULP'S.

GROCERIES. If you want a good assortment of Groceries, such as Syrups, Molasses, Sugar and Coffee, you will do well by examining the assortment at

H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH.

DOMESTIC GOODS, of every variety, at SCHICK'S, consisting of Prints, Muslins, Ginghams, Checks, Tickings, Sheetings, &c., &c.

JEWELRY & STATIONERY—any quantity and the best stock ever brought to his place. If you doubt it call in and see for yourselves at

SCHICK'S.

ALL kinds of CEDAR & WILLOW for sale low by Gillespie & Thomas.

POWDER, Shot, B. Lead, & Percussion Caps, for sale at

SCOTT'S.

DRESS TRIMMINGS of all kinds can be had at SCHICK'S, as cheap as the cheapest, if not a little cheaper.

JUST received, a small lot of Over Coats, which will be sold low, to close out for the season, at

SAMSON'S.

AN extensive assortment of IRON and NAILS just received at

FAIRNESTOCK'S.

TO THE FARMERS.

MANNY'S COMBINED REAPING AND MOWING MACHINE WITH WOOD'S IMPROVEMENT.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Agent for the sale of Manny's Combined Reaping and Mowing Machine, with Wood's Improvement, for Adams County, offers them to the public, knowing them to be the best combined machine in use. It has been successfully introduced into different parts of our State, and I sold thirty-four last season, in Adams County, all rendering satisfaction. The machine received a silver medal at the State Fair, also, the first Premium at York, Cumberland, Centre, Huntingdon, and other county Fairs, where it was exhibited. Farmers needing a Reaping Machine, will please call upon the undersigned, before purchasing, as he always takes great pleasure in showing the Machine. Hearty orders are solicited, as the number received from the manufacturer will be in proportion to the demand.

SAMUEL HERBST, Agent, Opposite the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. March 1.

M'CORMICK'S Reaping & Mowing Machine,

FOR 1858.

IS offered to the farmers of Adams County, and the BEST REAPER IN THE WORLD, and is so warranted, having received the Great Council Medal at the exhibition of all Nations in London in 1851—the grand gold Medal of Honor at the great French Exhibition at Paris, in 1855; and also the United States National Agricultural Society at their Fair at Syracuse, New York, in 1857, awarded to C. H. M'Cormick a Gold Medal and Diploma for the best reaper, after a severe test in heavy tangled dry, over hilly and uneven ground, in competition with 23 other Machines, and an indefinite number of smaller Premiums at State and County Fairs. Farmers needing a Reaper or Mower will find it to their advantage to try M'Cormick's, as they can have one put up in connection with any other, and no obligation asked but to keep the machine that proves best after a fair trial in all kinds of grain and grass.

Four horse machines, full 6 feet cut; two horse, 5 feet cut. For particulars see large bill, or apply personally, by letter to the undersigned, in Fairfield, or David Schwartz, in Gettysburg, or any person in the county having a M'Cormick Machine.

J. S. WITTENBERG, Agent for Adams County.

April 12.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district, and DAVID ZISLER, of ISAAC E. WIERMAN, Esq., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 21st day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and to mediate, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on Monday the 16th of August next.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace of Adams County, that they be within the said County of Adams, they be within and therein their proper persons, with their Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, and all other persons, to do those things which to their duty and in that behalf appears to be done, and also, they will, prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as they shall be just.

ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, July 12, 1858.

QUEENSWARE. Persons wishing to purchase Queensware, will do well by examining the large and well selected assortment at

H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH'S.

TO GET the full worth of your money, make your purchases of Ready-made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Clocks, Violins and every thing in the variety line, at

SAMSON'S.

FLOUR & FEED, for sale by GILLESPIE & THOMAS.

A large stock of **BOOTS and SHOES** for Men and Boys just received, which will be offered at prices cheaper than ever.

May 10. PAXTON & McILHENY.

SILVER. A fine lot of Silver Spoons and Silver Forks, as low as city prices, now to be had at SCHICK'S. Call soon as they sell rapidly.

2,000 PIECES of WALL PAPER just received and for sale at

PAXTON & McILHENY.

JEWELRY, Watches, Pistols, Violins, Guitars, Accordions, Harmoniums, eight-day, thirty-hour and Alarm Clocks, at all prices to be had at

SAMSON'S.

GENTLEMEN, do you wish to select from a large and handsome variety of Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c.? If you do call at

SCOTT'S.

CLOTHS, Cassimere, Summer Coatings and every variety of Summer dress goods for men and boys to be had at

FAIRNESTOCK'S.

DON'T forget to call at SCHICK'S, all ye who wish to purchase choice articles of Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Soaps, and every thing else in that line.

FLOUR AND FEED always on hand, of the best quality and sold at the smallest profits, at

NORBECK & MARTIN'S.

FOR the newest styles of Goods, always call at

SCHICK'S.

CHERRIES, Raisins, Fruits, Fancy Articles, &c., at

SCOTT'S.

CIGARS and TOBACCO. A large supply of all kinds, just received at

J. C. GUINN & BRO'S.

VESTS. Such as Satin, Italian Cloth, Buff and White Muscelsins, Linen, German, &c., at

PICKING'S.

Professional Cards.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, WILL promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care. Office in the Diamond, adjoining store of Taylor & Son. Gettysburg, Feb. 4.

WM. B. MCLELLAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office. Dec. 23.

D. M'CONAUGHY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office removed to one door west of Buehler's Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)

For Patents and Patents, Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Paid Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C. also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.

Apply to him personally or by letter. Gettysburg, Nov. 7.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, on Chambersburg street, opposite F. Pickling's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES. Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D. Prof. Muhlenberg, Prof. M. Jacobs, "M. L. Stoeber," H. L. Baugher, Dr. H. S. Linber.

April 18.

SUNBEAM GALLERY.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that he has provided himself with an extensive and splendid SKY-LIGHT AMBROTYPE ROOM, at his residence in West Middle street, one Square west of Fahnestock's Store, where he is prepared to furnish.

AMBO, MELANIE, ENAMEL, AND PHOTOGRAPHIC PICTURES, in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction, and is prepared to accommodate all in groups. He also has a number of specimens at his room in Chambersburg Street, a few doors West of Bringham & Culp's large Shoe Store, where he still continues as formerly to take pictures.

All who desire a correct likeness of themselves and friends, will do well to give us a call, as we have reduced our prices to suit the present "Hard Times."

Pictures copied from old specimens of all kinds: also, mounted Lockets, Breast-Pins, Rings, &c.

The subscriber being thankful to his friends and the public in general for past patronage, wishes them to continue it, and assure them, that he will endeavor to do so, and will be satisfied with the least notice.

Charges from 50 cts. to 2 N. Hours for operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Locks and Breast-pins suitable for miniatures, always on hand at the lowest prices. Call on him will not be taken for less than \$1.00.

AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

May 3. SAMUEL WEAVER.

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD

WM. B. MEALS, MANUFACTURER of Monuments & Headstones of every description, of Foreign and American Marble, lower than city prices. Persons desiring work in his line are respectfully invited to examine his selections, as well as his prices, before purchasing elsewhere. An ample compensation for their time and trouble is guaranteed. Shop opposite Mahanugh's Hall, Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Aug. 21.

REMOVAL.

Alexander Frazer, CLOCK AND WATER-MAKER, HAS removed his shop to his Old Stand, in Chambersburg street, opposite the Lutheran Church, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business, and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public. Gettysburg, March 15.

New Livery Establishment.

CHARLES M. TATE has opened a new Livery Establishment, at the stables on Washington street, occupied in part by the "Eagle Hotel," and has made such arrangements as will enable him to accommodate the public at all times, on reasonable terms, with Horses, Buggies, Hack, &c. His stock is good. On funeral occasions, &c., he will be able to supply a want which has been much needed. Terms CASH.

May 31.

DAILY LINE TO HANOVER.

THE undersigned returns his thanks to the public for the encouragement heretofore extended to him, and takes pleasure in announcing that he has completed arrangements by which

TWO DAILY LINES of Coaches will be run between Gettysburg and Hanover, to connect with the trains to and from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c. Persons desiring tickets or information will call on the undersigned, or on CHARLES TATE, Ticket Agent, at the Eagle Hotel, in Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to all packages, &c., or other business entrusted to the undersigned between Gettysburg and Hanover, which will be promptly and carefully attended to.

The undersigned has also effected arrangements, by which he will be able to supply Coaches, Stages, &c., for funeral and other occasions, at moderate charges.

NICHOLAS WEAVER.

April 13.

FLY NETS.

Most magnificent assortment of Fly Nets at

PICKING'S.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company.

Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS. President—George Swopes. Vice President—S. R. Russell. Secretary—D. A. Buehler. Treasurer—David McCreary. Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS. George Swopes, S. Fahnestock, D. A. Buehler, Wm. B. Wilson, R. M'Curdy, H. A. Pickling, Jacob King, Wm. B. McEllan, A. Heintzelman, John Wolford, D. McCreary, R. G. McCreary, J. J. Kerr, John Horner, M. Eichelberger, E. W. Stahle, S. R. Russell, J. Anglinbaugh, A. B. Kurtz, A. B. Gitt, Andrew Polley.

This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, without any assessment, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 P. M.

Sept. 21.

Mummasburg Mutual Fire Protection Society.

THE above named Institution is now prepared to receive Proposals for the Insurance of property in this County. One hundred and twenty Applications, embracing property amounting to one hundred and ninety thousand dollars in value, were Approved of on the third day of July, instant.

As this Corporation was originated with the sole view of securing the property of Farmers and other persons in insulated and detached locations,—no property within the limits of the Borough of Gettysburg, nor any other town wherein buildings are situated in blocks or closely adjoin, nor upon any property wherein Steam-power is employed, or upon any buildings or property within one hundred and fifty yards of any Railway on which Locomotive engines are run, nor upon any property within one hundred yards of any stationary Steam-engine, will be insured. The burning of Camphene, Fine and Blended oil is considered extra hazardous and decidedly interdicted.

The carrying of candles, lamps or other fire-lights unprotected by glass lanterns, through and about houses,—two rooms not constantly occupied,—into out-houses, barns and stables, as also the storing up and keeping of Ashes in wooden vessels in buildings insured, are so indisputable acts of "gross negligence," that in a case of damages by fire, the insured party may be put to the test *probatum*, (obligation of proving) that the fire did not originate from any of these reprehensible and inexcusable practices.

The intention of the Society is, by the adoption and enforcement of stringent precautionary Rules, as much as possible to diminish the chances of fires occurring from sheer carelessness and to conduct the business thereof on the most economical plan: the only Officer receiving any remuneration for his services is the Secretary.

Application can be made to any of the Officers, who will act as Surveyors and Agents.

President—William D. Gotbrecht; Treasurer—George Throner; Secretary—James Russell; Vice-President—Jacob Fritweiler; Directors—John Throner, Joseph Hartzel, Henry Witmer, of Stralton; Tobias Boyer, George Ledy, Peter Shall; Abraham Rife; Peter Kettman.

Mummasburg, July 19, 1858.

Jury List—August Court.

GRAND JURY. Borough of Berwick—Joseph R. Hoary. Borough of Gettysburg—Jacob Brinkerhoff, Van Reaver, George Jacobs, Wm. H. Culp.

Mount Pleasant—Solomon Tont. Cumberland—John Snyder.

Menallen—Andrew Noel, Emanuel Brongh, Richard Fitzgerald.</